Do You Want to be a Martyr?

Probably not! But if you do, try and get the dyspepsia unwise feeding. Then you'll suffer martyrdom with a by unwise feeding. Then you'll suffer martyrdom with a vengeance! Some people are martyrs to this complaint from childhood to the grave, suffering from all its attendant horrors of heartburn, wind and pain in the stomach, weary slumber and nightmare, capricious appetite, nausea, bilipusques, leanness and sallowness. No necessity for all this. The complaint, obstinate as it is, when the ordinary remedies are brought to bear upon it, when the ordinary remembers are assumable. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which restores tranquility to the gastric region and nerves, regulates the liver and bowels, both of which are disturbed by weakness of the stomach, and promotes appetite and an increase of fiesh. That "toesin of the soul," the dinner bell, when it peals upon the ear. suggests no premonition of dire qualms after a comfortable meal if you have tried a course of the Bitters, which also banishes billousness, rheumatism, nervousness, malaria and kidney trouble.

pectus. Dishonest promoters of stock companies will be hampered by the amended law, but directors will not be held responsible to a thin house, and was not heard to advantage shareholders, and many loopholes for trickery His reception was most flattering, and his will remain, especially for misrepresenting as-

The Education bill is promised before the Easter recess. It will be a smaller and weaker measure than has been anticipated. The Cabinet have been divided on the subject, and a compromise will hardly satisfy the friends of voluntary schools.

The most fantastic debate of the week has been drawn out by a private bill introduced in the interest of farmers. It aims to compel the venders of meat and cheese to mark and label their goods when imported from the Colonies or foreign countries. Mr. Bryce and other Liberals condemned the proposal as a subtle form of Protection, and scoffed at the idea that consumers would pay more for meat or cheese if they knew that they were buying English products. The reply made is that it is not a question of protecting the farmer, but of promoting commercial morality, since the consumer ought to know when he gets the roast beef of Old England or a real Southdown mutton-chop. The bill is not likely to emerge from the committee. Mr. Chamberlain is not prepared to meet protests from New-Zealand and Australia if colonial joints and cutlets are labelled as inferior goods. The argument based on morality, if extended to cigars, would prevent the sale of Brazilian, Indian and Mexican goods as pure Havanas, and ruin the tobacco trade.

Lord Salisbury, who has never seemed to re gard the caucus as the model institution of America or elsewhere, has paid homage to Mr. Balfour was knocked into a country road Captain Middleton's political ability in present- by a collision with a baker's cart. As Mrs. ing him a check for £10,000 contributed by Lucy tells the story, the baker's boy was Unionist admirers. He would not consent to abusive, but the First Lord of the Treasury regard Captain Middleton as a wirepuller, but referred to him with refined euphemism as a political organizer. The Liberals, meanwhile, not having ten thousand-pound checks to distribute, are preparing to settle or compromise their reorganization troubles at the Huddersfield conference. Probably Mr. Labouchere, Sir Charles Dilke and Mr. Stanhope will stay away and everything will be harmonious when Lord Rosebery has made a humorous speech.

Venezuela is now seldom mentioned in the English press, although "The Morning Post" has a belated article to-day. It is generally understood that the negotiations between Washington and London are going more smoothly, and that an adjustment of the frontier question is within sight. The Soudan operations, with the unknown extension of British responsibilities in Africa, make the restoration of good relations with the United States more urgent than before.

The passage of the resolution of censure upon Ambassador Bayard by the House of Representatives is commented on unfavorably by Standard" and other journals. The matter is not understood by the English press, or his resignation would be taken for granted as a necessary act of self-respect. The offences committed by the American Ambassador are unknown in the British diplomatic service. British Ministers never make addresses in foreign countries condemning the English Free-Trade system, and displaying a partisan spirit. The English public ould be startled beyond measure if a British Ambassador should compromise the dignity of his office as Mr. Bayard has done.

Ex-Consul Waller has been released at last from the prison at Nimes under his pardon from the French Government. The case has not been well managed by the American Government; he would have been released long ago if a firmer tone had been taken by the State Department. That is the general opinion of the American col-

The Jameson case no longer commands public attention. It is thought probable that after a committal at Bow Street he and his associates vill be tried at the bar before a special jury and three judges, including the Lord Chief Justice and Justice Hawkins. Dr. Jameson, having declined proposals of marriage and other offers of West End patronage, is now reported to be beset with publishers' agents who want him to write a book. If his inscrutable face can be read aright, he is bored with notoriety.

Receptions at the Skating Palace are now a recognized form of social entertainment. The Countess of Dunmore invited a large company this week. The ring was filled with roller-skaters and presented a bright spectacle. Guests were at liberty either to skate or to look on from the galleries. Two bands played, and the Skating Palace was filled to overflowing with fashionable guests, Royal personages being conspicuous

The only new play this week is a melodrama at the Olympic, entitled "True Blue." William Terriss has been touching the patriotic heart by showing at the Adelphi that a soldier can wear the Queen's uniform without being a traitor, and a naval companion piece with a series of realistic nautical pictures may prove equally effective. No fault can be found with the realism, for a cruiser is brought in with quarter-deck, anchor, stokehole, engine-room, marines, middles and everything else, including a Spanish bullring. But it is not drama, and the plot is inextricable, Three young women steal on board as stowaways, and one of them, named Alice, narrowly escapes being cooked in the boller. Anything more remarkable than her recovery from the boiler has not been invented since "Alice in Wonderland." Mr. Barrett's religious play is drawing so well, especially during the Lenten season, that another one by Mr. Stuart Ogilvie is projected for the Shaftesbury Theatre. There will be no struggle between Christians and Pagans, but something more evangelical, namely, the persecution of Protestants by Catholics, with the final conversion of the latter. After this has been tried, somebody may attempt to dramatize John Knox's sermons. "The Squire of Dames" will be withdrawn to-night from the Criterion, after a successful run. Mr. Wyndham, after a brief interval, will produce "Rosemary," but Miss Fay Davis, a young American actress, who has

Spring

that your blood is pure, rich and full of vitality. To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take,

been the life of the previous play, will not appear in it, since there is no suitable part for her "Cinderella" will also be withdrawn to-night from the Drury Lane, after running since Christ-

mas.

Mary Anderson's "Memories" have been favorably reviewed by nearly all the London journals. The freshness and animation of the style are generally commended, and her anec dotes of Tennyson and other famous men are quoted in detail. Her book calls out many admiring tributes to her beauty, womanly traits and nobility of nature.

Interest in the second concert of the Philharmonic Society in Queen's Hall centred in Dr. Antonin Dvorak, who conducted the orchestra when his symphony in G and other works of his composition were performed. The programme was too long, and his new work, a concerto in B minor, was played before symphony and five Biblical songs, scored for the occasion and sung by Miss Katherine Fiske, are highly praised by the critics. One of them refers to Dr. Dvorak as next to

Brahms, the first orchestral writer of the day. The latest novelty in the concert halls is an exhibition of Röntgen shadow pictures with scientific explanations. This is indeed popular

The university crews are out twice daily for practice on the Thames. Oxford has the heavier crew by two stone in aggregate weight, and is training more steadily and carefully than Cambridge, but the chances for the Light Blue are considered better by experts. The crews are well matched and the choice between them is narrow. The scratch crew of Thames men, which had been rowed down by the Dark Blues yesterday, met with a singular accident. While turning around their boat was caught in the heavy swell from the steam launches, and was broken in two in the middle like a piece of punk, the men being suddenly dumped into the river, from which they were fished out by the

Mr. Balfour closed last night's debate with his arm in a sling and one foot in a slipper. He had run into a carriage while riding his bicycle, but was not seriously injured. The accident was due to carelessness on his part; he was riding behind the carriage, which suddenly turning around, their boat was caught in the the usual signal with his whip. Not long ago discreetly withheld his name when the police man came up.

NEARLY A CABINET CRISIS.

GERMAN MINISTERS FIGHTING OVER THE DISPOSAL OF THE SURPLUS.

THE EMPEROR TAKES A HAND-TROUBLE AVERTED LEAVING DR. MIQUEL THE AD-VANTAGE-ANOTHER COLONIAL OF-

> FICE VICTIM-A BERLIN SAVANT TO VISIT PRINCETON.

Berlin, March 21 .- The strong divergence of opinion existing between Dr. Miquel, Prussian Minister of Finance, and Count Posadowsky-Wehner, Imperial Minister of the Treasury, over the ques-tion of the disposal of the year's surplus of the Imperial revenue has come near producing a Cabinet crisis. The affair has been widely discussed by the press and public, and has divided public in with the matter of the attitude of the Dreibund toward the Anglo-Egyptian expedition. The newspapers have made the announcement that Count Posadowsky had resigned, and have also hinted at Dr. Miquel's resignation, but neither the anincement nor the suggestion was true. The facts the case are that an actual crisis has been averted, leaving Dr. Miquel in occupation of the stronghold of advantage, fortified by the statutes. Under the laws and Constitution of the Empire the surplus of the Imperial revenue goes to the Fed-

erated States by division.

The trouble came about in this way: Count Posadowsky proposed to comply with the spirit of recent vote of the Reichstag, and divert part of the surplus for the amortization of the debt of the Empire, and Dr. Lieber, leader of the Centrist party, supported Count Posadowsky by introducing in the Reichstag a motion proposing the creation of an Imperial sinking fund, while Dr. Miquel adhered the Cairo telegrams indicated. to the statutes, providing for the division of the surplus among the Federated States. The dispute-came during the proceedings of a Cabinet Council at which the Emperor unexpectedly made his ap-

Not one of the Ministers seems to have suspected the intention of the Emperor to interfere, and it is probable that his action was the result of a sud-denly formed resolution. His Majesty first drove to probable that his action was the result of a suddenly formed resolution. His Majesty first drove to the Chancellerie, presuming that the council was being held there. He found that Prince Hohenlohe was absent and that no council was in session there. From the Chancellerie he drove to the Reichstag building, and entered the Bundesrath Chamber, where the Ministers were assembling. He took a seat next to Prince Hohenlohe, and gave close attention to the discussion. In the debate which ensued Dr. Miquel supported the Bavarian, Wurtemberg and Saxony Plenipotentiaries in the Bundesrath. He insisted upon the strict observance of the provisions of the statutes, contending that the question had close relation to financial reforms which he had long planned. It was necessary, he said, to demonstrate to the Reichstag that the disposal of the surplus of the Imperial revenue must have a bearing upon those plans. It was finally agreed to prepare a bill providing for such temporary appropriation of funds for the purpose of the amortization of the Imperial debt from part of the surplus as will not interfere with the claims of the Federated States. This decision is a compromise, indorsing the principle of Dr. Lieber's proposal, without infringing upon the statutes.

The debate in the Reichstag on the colonial estimates has had another victim besides Dr. Peters, in Dr. Kayser, the director of the Colonial Department of the Foreign Office, who resigned. It is probable that Prince Arenberg will become the head of the Colonial Office, and Freiherr Marschall von Bieberstein, Minister of Foreign Affairs, with a Bieberstein, Minister of Foreign Affairs, with a view of making the post acceptable to Prince Arenberg, is understood to be willing to raise the Colonial Office from a mere adjunct to the Foreign Office to an independent section, with a Secretary of State at its head. This would imply that Prince Arenberg will be a colleague of the Foreign Minister, not a subordinate, as Dr. Kayser has been. This step will secure to the Government the support of the Colonial party and the Centrists in the Reichstag. It is possible, however, that the Emperor will not find Prince Arenberg to his taste as a Secretary of State, as the latter is a strong opponent of the idea of increasing the strength of the navy.

The inquiry into the accusations made against Dr. Peters has been confided to the direction of Councillor Schwartkoffen. The principal witness will be Herr Baumann, Austrian Consul to Zanzi-bar, who went to Kilimangaro after the executions which Dr. Peters ordered had occurred, and gleaned from the natives the details of the executions. The inquiry promises to last a long time as the neces sary witnesses are scattered throughout the globe but the investigation will not be suffered to fall through in consequence of the delays which will be inevitable. The Centrists, Freisinnigs and Socialists are as eager to see Dr. Peters punished as the other parties are to see him vindicated, if possible.

as the other parties are to see him vinitated, it possible.

Professor Fine, of Princeton University, is in Berlin. He has been introduced by J. B. Jackson, United States Chargé d'Affaires, to Dr. Bosse, Minister of Ecclesiastical Affairs, Instruction and Medicinal Affairs. There is now reason to state that a prominent Berlin savant will go to the Princeton celebrations, commemorating the 150th anniversary of the organization of that institution, as the guest of the university.

Court report, which is acepted as accurate, has it that the Czar and Czarina of Russia will go Copenhagen after the coronation ceremonics in Moscow, and from Copenhagen will come to Berlin, Their visit here is expected in July.

BISHOP OF PEORIA RECEIVED BY THE POPE Rome, March 21.-The Pope gave an audience today to the Rev. John Lancaster Spalding, Bishop of Peoria, Ill., whose reception was of an especially friendly character. ENTERTAINED BY THE PRINCE OF WALES

Cannes, March 21.-The Prince of Wales gave a dinner to the members of the Cercle Nautique last evening. Eighty guests were present. TO WITHDRAW HIS CLAIM FOR A PENSION.

London, March 21 .- The Duke of Cambridge, formerly Commander-in-Chief of the British Army, will, under pressure from the Ministers, withdraw his claim for a pension of £1,600 annually.

HERE THEY GO LIKE HOT CAKES!

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Riker's Prescription Department. You know it, of course, if you read the papers. Best Drugs only, Renewed Daily. Most Accomplished Staff of Experts in New York. Separate Floor, away from Noise and Confusion. No Mistakes Possible. A clean saving of 40 cents on every dailar at

dollar at 6th Ave., Cor. 22d St.

PLANNING THE SOUDAN WAR

ACTIVE PREPARATIONS IN CAIRO FOR THE MARCH TO DONGOLA.

THE ITALIAN DEFEAT AT ADOWA SAID TO HAVE GIVEN A LONG-DESIRED OPPORTUNITY TO ENGLAND-THE ADVANCE-GUARD BE-

LIEVED TO BE AT AKA-SHEH ALREADY.

London, March 21 .- A dispatch to "The Globe" from Cairo says that the Khedive and Lord Cromer, the British diplomatic agent, are working together in perfect harmony in regard to everything connected with the Dongola expedition. The Khedive delivers vigorous and patriotic speeches to all the departing troops.

Last night's debate in the House of Commons added rothing to the meagre information which the Government deems it prudent to reveal regarding the expedition, which is to go to Dongola, and, perhaps, further, in an attempt to reconquer the Soudan. The statement made by Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, that the advance of the expedition would be regulated by the extent of the resistance offered by the Dervishes, seemed either designed to befog the House or to convey the idea that the Government had no definite plan of campaign.

What the Ministers refuse to disclose can be found by collating the reports from trustworthy sources. The sensational rumors with which the British press is unusually rife deal with the expedition as a sudden decision of the Government, the fact that it was to be dispatched being unknown even to the Khedive. They decribe the forward movement of the troops as being already begun in bulk, and state that Akasheh has been occupied, that fighting is imminent, and that Dongola will be reached in week, when 10,000 Dervishes will face the Egyptian forces. The facts are that the expedition was projected last fall, when General Kitchener, the Sirdar of the Egyptian army, was in England. He then bought the materials necessary to complete the railway from Wady Halfa to Akasheh, ordered a number of lightdraught steamers built to carry stern-fire guns. and secured the assent of Lord Salisbury to the preparations. Though the date of the campaign was not then fixed, General Kitchener made no secret of the fact that some big scheme was being hatched.

THE PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

Speaking at Leamington on Wednesday, Earl Russell said that he had personal knowledge that the expedition had long been decided upon, but that it had been postponed because it was thought inexpedient. This was the view taken of the matter until the defeat of the Italians at Adowah afforded an opportune excuse to the Government for the dispatch of the expedition He added that according to the plan originally decided upon General Kitchener's first objective was to be Dougola, and then Berber, with a simultaneous advance from Suakim, on the Red Sea. A railway was to be built to link Dongola and Berber before a march was made upo Khartoum. There was no reason to suppose that this plan had been altered, but it was probable that it would develop more slowly than some of

reached in three or four weeks. The military authorities at Cairo, however, calculate that that place will not be reached before June. The van of the Egyptian troops, consisting of 1,200 men, of which 500 are camel-riders, ought to occupy Akasheh by to-day. They are not expected to meet the Dervishes there. They will remain at Akasheh until, by reconnoiring, they learn the strength of the Dervish outposts at Firket, and are likely to remain until the Akasheh railway is completed. The main Egyptian force is now put at 10,000 men, of whom 4,000 will be Soudanese, who are real fighters. They will not reach the first line of advance before the end of April. The march on Dengola will depend upon the strength of the Dervishes who are concentrating there. Doubtful reports place their number at 10,000.

Colonel Calmont, who commanded the camel corps in the Khartoum expedition, says that authorities at Cairo, however, calculate that

Colonel Calmont, who commanded the camed corps in the Khartoum expedition, says that the troops ought not in the mean time to push ferward beyond Akashen, and that it is now too late for a spring campaign in the desert, even for black troops. The Italian and Turkish military attachés will accompany General Kitchener.

CONTINENTAL OPPOSITION WANING.

The position of the British Government is easier under official news from Paris that France will either not oppose the first credit for £500,000 from the Egyptian funds for the expenses of the Soudan expedition or will confine her opposition to a formal protest against the use of the money for this purpose. Russia will remain strictly neutral and will give no support to France against the expedition. Russia is even credited with viewing the British projects with some measure of good will, as being likely to divert the whole energies of Great Britain in a direction where Russian interests are not likely to be greatly concerned. M. Berthelot, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, clearly recognizes, although the French people do not, that France is powerless to make an effective opposition. Russia has no vote in the commission of the Egyptian public debt, while Great Britain holds two votes, France two, and Austria, Italy and Germany one each two, and Austria, Italy and Germany one each. A difference of opinion exists as to whether the statutes relating to the commission requires a unanimous or a majority vote. In several instances decisions have been based on a majority vote, notably the grant of \$250,000 for the abolition of the corvée, at which time France protested against the grant. At any rate, M. Berthelot, feeling himself powerless to prevent the expedition, has beaten a retreat. STRENGTH OF THE MAHDISTS.

The War Office officials here declare that the expedition will be only a reconnoissance in force, and will not admit that the present phase is any thing beyond an initial step in an autumn campaign. The Army Intelligence Department pos paign. The Army Intelligence Department possesses only the most vague Information regarding the strength of the Mahdists. Military experts distrust the estimates made by Slatin Pacha, although, as a matter of fact, his long captivity among the Mahdists should, on the face of things, have made him an authority on the subject. These experts consider that a report made by the Russian traveller, Eliseief, who was recently elected a member of the Russian Geographical Society, is more trustworthy than that of Slatin Pacha. He says that the Khalifa's force numbers 40,000 men, including 10,000 cavairy and camelry. They possess 100,000 rifles, of which 20,000 are Remingtons, really fit for service. The artillery is poor. There are twenty guns at Dondurman.

durman.

A correspondent of "The Army and Navy Gazette" says that the Dervishes are now able A correspondent of "The Army and Navy Gazette" says that the Dervishes are now able to deliver a deadly rifle fire. They will combine European tactics with the formidable onsets of cavalry and spearmen in the old style. The correspondent declares that the British tactics of forming squares and waiting the shock of battle will not do now in fighting the Dervishes, and if they are followed will result in rout and ruin. The consensus of military opinion is that if a reconquest of the Soudan is intended, a picked force of British and Indian troops 20,000 strong will be necessary.

It is no wonder that the British Government

is reticent regarding the details and ultimate sim of the expedition. Even with a solid Parliamentary majority, the Cabinet does not dare in the mean time to arouse the opinion of the country on the great enterprise, which is certain ultimately to involve large expenditures from the British Treasury. Until Parliament rises in August, Lord Salisbury will not disclose the game the Government is playing.

The coming conference of the National Liberal Federation will discuss a special resolution against the Soudan expedition preliminary to the Liberal leaders opening an agitation against it throughout the country.

THE BELGIAN EXPEDITION ASSURED.

THE BELGIAN EXPEDITION ASSURED. The Belgian-Congo Free State expedition, under the command of Baron Dhanis, which will attack the Dervishes on the Upper Nile simultaneously with the Anglo-Egyptian attack upon those on the Lower Nile, is an assured fact. The French press denied that it was the intention to French press denied that it was the intention to dispatch such an expedition, but the semi-official "Etoile Beige" confirms the statement made by the United Press last Saturday that such an expedition had been formed, and that, with the consent of the British Colonial Office, a number of Houssas had been recruited for it at Lagos. King Leopold will shortly come to London to conclude the arrangements for the advance of this expedition to the Nile. Baron Dhanis, with a strong force, is now nearing Bahr-el-Ghazel. He has with him a number of Maxim and Krupp guns.

Paris, March 21.-The "Solell" says that if the Pritish repulse the Dervishes in the Soudan, the French, German and Belgian positions in mid-Africa will be endangered.

CHEERS FOR PRINCE BISMARCK. CHANCELLOR VON HOHENLOHE PRAISES HIM AT

THE REICHSTAG DINNER. Berlin, March 21.-The Reichstag anniversary banuet was given to-night in the Cupola Hall of the Reichstag Building. There were present 357 guests. Chancellor von Hohenlohe delivered a speech in which he ardently lauded the founders of the Em-pire. He referred enthusiastically to the late Emperor Frederick, who, as Crown Prince, had first peror Frederick, who, as Crown Prince, had first woven through love the ties which united the German tribes. He warmly mentioned Prince Bismarck, who, he said, was the last of the great men of that great time. He still stood firm and erect like an oak in the Sachsenwaid.

"Let us," he said, in closing, "forget the differences of political strife, and all unite in honoring Bismarck."

Hochs were given for the ex-Chancellor, and much enthusiasm was displayed.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S HEALTH IMPROVING THE KAISER NOT LIKELY TO VISIT HER AT

London, March 21.-The health of Queen Victoria is becoming so much better at Cimiez, in the South of France, where she is at present staying, that she has arranged to go to Coburg to attend the marriage of her granddaughter, Princess Alexandra, to Prince Hohenlohe-Langenburg. The rumor that Emperor William will visit Cimiez is dis-credited. He could only visit that place by stealth-because, should his presence be known, it would undoubtedly cause serious demonstrations against him by the French.

THE AFRICAN CREDITS APPROVED. WRANGLING IN THE ITALIAN CHAMBER RESULTS IN A CHALLENGE.

Rome, March 21.—The Chamber of Deputies to-day approved the African credits by a large majority, after rejecting, by a vote of 219 to 119, a hostile ion made by Signor Sonnine, ex-Minister of the ry. In a speech in defence of the credits, Minister di Rudini attacked the Socialists. He said the Government regarded the friendship of England as completing Italy's alliances. He exressed pleasure because of the friendly attitude of he British Parliament.

A wrangle during the session resulted in General Mocenni, ex-Minister of War, challenging Signor Salvatore Barzilai, Radical, who represents the Fifth District of Rome, to fight a duel. The chal-lenge was accepted and the meeting will take place o-morrow. After the adoption of the credits the Chamber ad-ourned until April 28.

EIGHT THOUSAND SLAIN AT OORFA. THE BRITISH CONSUL'S REPORT-A MASSACRE OF CHRISTIANS FEARED IN MONTENEGRO.

Constantinople, March 21. Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador here, has received a telegram from Mr. Fitzmaurice, the British Vice-Consul, stating that \$,000 persons were killed at Oorfa it the recent disturbances at that place.

It is reported that an agitation of Albanians is in progress on the frontier of Montenegro, and a massacre of Christians is feared. The Montenegrin Government has forwarded a note to M. Neildoff, the Russian Ambassador here, calling Russia's attention to the situation.

DYING FROM AN UNKNOWN MALADY. Hallfax, March 2t.-A St. John's, Newfoundland, dispatch states that the Government is being urged to send prompt medical assistance to the poor peo-The Times," Dongola may be ule of Gander Bay, several of whom are dying daily from some unknown dreadful malady. They are to poor to secure the services of a doctor, and conse-quently are left to die like cattle.

PAYMENT OF ITS FOREIGN DEBT SUS-PENDED.

Panama, March 2t.-The "Star and Herald" prints a dispatch from Guayaquil, Ecuador, under the date of March 21, saying that, owing to what is characterized as the scandalous arrangements made by the previous Administration, President Alfaro has decided to suspend payment of the foreign debt of the republic pending the making of equitable arrangements with the bondholders. As a guarantee for the eventual payment of the debt an additional import duty of 10 per cent is being collected, which will be deposited in bank at Guayaquil.

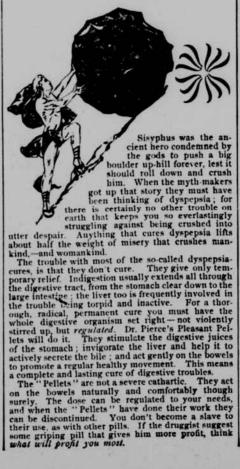
THE BOURSE BILL PASSES THE REICHSTAG. Berlin, March 21.-The Reichstag in committee questionable transactions on the Bourses, and fixed the date of its going into operation at January 1, 187. to-day passed the Bourse bill, prohibiting certain

COMMISSIONERS TO WINNIPEG.

Ottawa, March 21.-Lord Aberdeen this afternoon signed the commission appointing A. R. Dickey, Minister of Justice; A. Desjardines, Minister of Militia, and Sir Donald Smith, commissioners to go ernment for the settlement of the school question.
The commissioners are to report to the Dominion
Government on their return. They will start Monday afternoon. to Winnipeg and negotiate with the Greenway Gov-

REPORTS FROM CUBAN BATTLE-FIELDS. Havana, March 21.-The Government now reports ts loss in the battle at Cayajabo on Wednesday last has seven soldiers killed and three officers and forty-four soldiers wounded. The rebels are said to have left fourteen dead on the field.

A rebel force which attacked the town of Roque, province of Matanzas, was repulsed after the troops had repeatedly charged them with the



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5 and 7 Hooks, Regular Price, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.75, GLACE and SUEDE, Assorted Colors, Centa

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50 INCH MOHAIR SICILIAN..... FANCY MOHAIR AND WOOL FIGURES98 SILK AND WOOL CREPONETTES AND FANCY DAMASSE FIGURES.....

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IN STEEL AND NATURAL GRAY, FULL
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FULLY TRIMMED.

FULLY TRIMMED.

STATIONERY. Extraordinary Values.

To popularize our Stationery Department, now on the second floor of the 13th street building, we have determined to offer very extraordinary values in fine Writing Paper and Envelopes. We shall place on sale to-morrow an immense quantity of the productions of one of the largest manufacturers of fine stationery in the country. It consists of FRENCH GRAY,

VELLUM,

REAL IRISH LINEN,

FRENCH BLUE, HELIOTROPE LINEN. and AZURE LINEN,

Put up in boxes containing five quires, at 24c. per box for octavo note size; would be good value for 50c.

29c. per box for commercial note size; well worth 60c. Envelopes to correspond, in boxes containing five packages, at the same prices.

bayonet. In their flight, however, the insurgents set fire to and destroyed sixty-one houses.

THE PRINT CLOTH MARKET.

Fall River, Mass., March 21 (Special) .- The print ioth market was quiet during the week until Thursday. The statement shows large sales on a ow basis and indicates the determined purpose of manufacturers to meet competition at any cost The weekly statement follows: Production, 200,000 pieces; deliveries, 146,000. odds, 468,000; 64x64s, 662,000; last week's stock, 1,976, \$1,000 spot, 304,000 future. Sold for weekly delivery in March, 108,000 pieces; April, 86,000; May, 61,000 June, 38,000; July, 3,000; August, 2,000; September, 1,000. Market firm at 2½ cents.

MINING EXCHANGE DIRECTORS CHOSEN. The members of the New-York Mining Exchange yesterday selected the following Board of Directors: Robert A. Ammon, Dr. William B. Brandreth, C. Vey Holman, W. L. Boyd, H. W. Stocker, E. Mortimer Pine, Dr. J. M. Downing, Dr. H. A. Mott and W. Leslie Scrymser. The two last-named men were members of the old Board. The new Board will meet to-morrow to select general officers for the exchange.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Greenwich, Conn., March 21.—Dr. Carl Martin, of this place, found a burglar in his house last night preparing to leave with \$600 worth of silver. He grappied with the intruder, but the man dropped his plunder and escaped.

Bath, Me., March 21.—A telephone dispatch from the life-saving station at Popham Beach announces the wreck of the schooner Bertie, from Mount Des-ert for Boston with a cargo of clams. She went ashore on Jack's Rock, at the mouth of the Ken-nebec, this morning. The crew was saved.

nebec, this morning. The crew was saved.

Findlay, Ohio, March 21.—Great excitement in oil circles has been created by the drilling in of an oil well on the Marion Cobb farm, seven miles east of this city. The well is owned by Thomas C. Kelley, and is flowing at the rate of 1,000 barrels a day. It is the biggest oil strike in this section in a year, and territory is going up to fabulous figures.

Superintendent Havens reports the schooner John F. Kranz, from Providence for Philadelphia, in ballast, went ashore on the north point of Barnegat at 11 o'clock Friday night. The crew were taken off, but returned to the vessel shortly afterward. Milwaukee, March 21.—Mrs. John Holzinger and her mother, Mrs. Kate Miller, were shot and instantly killed last night by John Holzinger, who became angered at his wife because she had begun action for divorce, elleging cruelty as the cause. After the double murder had been committed Hoizinger threatened a number of men who attempted to arrest him, and was finally arrested at his home, No. 123 Clinton-st.

No. 123 Clinton-st.

Kingston, N. Y., March 21 (Special).—The stock-holders of the National Bank of Rondout this afternoon decided to reduce their capital stock from \$200,000 to \$150,000. Present certificates will be called in and new stock issued at 75 per cent of its value, balance to be paid in cash. A new banking building will be constructed soon.

Buffalo, March 21.—Rosalie Virga, an Italian woman, forty years of age, was shot and killed at 8 o'clock this morning by Glasimo Constantine in the rear of their homes, in Mechanic-st. Constantine was arrested, there are several versions of the shooting, but the most trustworthy one is that Mrs. Constantine and Mrs. Cuggino, wife of the victim of Capriano, who was recently sent to Auburn Prison, had quarrelled frequently over an ashox on their premises, and this morning came to blows in the yard. Constantine called to them from a window to stop fighting, and to frighten them began firing his revolver. The first shot brought a score of neighbors to the spot, and the fifth shot struck Mrs. Virga in the head, causing death within ten minutes. Constantine asserts that he had no intention of harming any one, and was simply using his revolver to stop the women fighting.

POSTMASTER DAYTON ARRIVES HOME. Postmaster C. W. Dayton, of this city, returned which arrived here from Nassau. The Postmaste was accompanied by Mrs. Dayton. LONDON WOOL IMPORTS

London, March 21.—The imports of wool for the week ending to-day were: From New-South Wales, 27,639 bales; from Queensland, 2,805; from Victoria, 6,314; from

WONDERFUL FACTS. At Lorient 01
"Cherbourg 92
"Melun 544
"Avennes 944
"Dinan 904
"Auxerre 111 tement of the reduction of | New Central | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 17

REMOVAL SALE **GREAT REDUCTIONS** We offer previous to removing

to our new store, Broadway, corner 17th Street, our surplus stock of

SILVER-PLATED WARE

At Extremely Low Prices. For over 50 years our plated

ware has been before the public, and our Trade Mark is everywhere recognized as indicating the highest Standard of excel-REED & BARTON,

37 Union Square, N. Y.



Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with perfect SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the BEST REMEDY FOR DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

Twenty-five Cents a Bottle.

West Australia, 2,317; from Tasmania, 6,870; from Natal, 8,546; from Singapore, 565; from Persia, 384; from Germany, 484; from France, 275; from India, 105, and from various other places, 244. The arrivals to date for the next series of sales aggregate 134,122 bales, of which quantity 21,500 bales were forwarded direct. CLOSING PRICES AT SAN FRANCISCO.

CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS.